Gloucestershire County Council Audit and Governance Committee Update

Year ended 31 March 2015

April 2015

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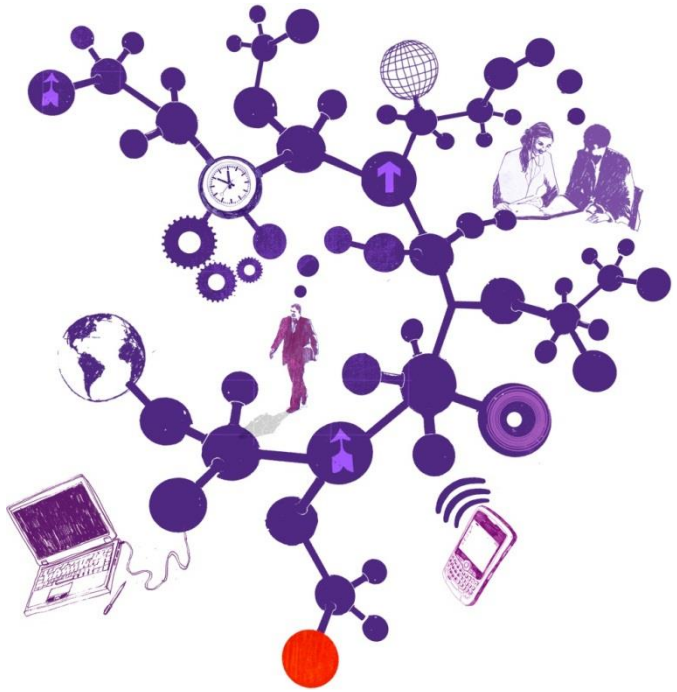

The contents of this report relate only to the matters which have come to our attention, which we believe need to be reported to you as part of our audit process. It is not a comprehensive record of all the relevant matters, which may be subject to change, and in particular we cannot be held responsible to you for reporting all of the risks which may affect your business or any weaknesses in your internal controls. This report has been prepared solely for your benefit and should not be quoted in whole or in part without our prior written consent. We do not accept any responsibility for any loss occasioned to any third party acting, or refraining from acting on the basis of the content of this report, as this report was not prepared for, nor intended for, any other purpose.

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Introduction

This paper provides the Audit and Governance Committee with a report on progress in delivering our responsibilities as your external auditors. The paper also includes:

- a summary of emerging national issues and developments that may be relevant to you; and
- a number of challenge questions in respect of these emerging issues which the Committee may wish to consider.

Members of the Audit and Governance Committee can find further useful material on our website www.grant-thornton.co.uk, where we have a section dedicated to our work in the public sector (http://www.grant-thornton.co.uk/en/Services/Public-Sector/). Here you can download copies of our publications including:

- All aboard? our local government governance review 2015
- Stronger futures: development of the local government pension scheme
- Rising to the challenge: the evolution of local government, summary findings from our fourth year of financial health checks of English local authorities
- 2020 Vision, exploring finance and policy future for English local government
- Where growth happens, on the nature of growth and dynamism across England

If you would like further information on any items in this briefing, or would like to register with Grant Thornton to receive regular email updates on issues that are of interest to you, please contact either your Engagement Lead or Audit Manager.

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Progress at March 2015

Work	Planned date	Complete?	Comments
2014-15 Accounts Audit Plan We are required to issue a detailed accounts audit plan to the Council setting out our proposed approach in order to give an opinion on the Council's 2014-15 financial statements.	March 2015	Yes	Our fee letter was sent to the Council in April 2014. Our detailed audit plan is being presented to April 2015 Audit and Governance Committee
Interim accounts audit Our interim fieldwork visit includes: • updating our review of the Council's control environment • updating our understanding of financial systems • review of Internal Audit reports on core financial systems • early work on emerging accounting issues • early substantive testing • proposed Value for Money conclusion.	January-March 2015	Complete	No major issues emerging from the interim to date.
2014-15 final accounts audit Including: • audit of the 2014-15 financial statements • proposed opinion on the Council's accounts • proposed Value for Money conclusion.	July-August 2015	Not yet started	Meetings held with management to fix timescales and discuss key issues for 2014/15 accounts early. Working paper requirements shared. Training provided for officers.

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Progress at March 2015

Work	Planned date	Complete?	Comments
Value for Money (VfM) conclusion The scope of our work to inform the 2014/15 VfM conclusion comprises the two criteria specified by the Audit Commission: • The organisation has proper arrangements in place for securing financial resilience. The focus will be on whether the Council has robust systems and processes to manage effectively financial risks and opportunities, and to secure a stable financial position that enables it to continue to operate for the foreseeable future. • The organisation has proper arrangements for challenging how it secures economy, efficiency and effectiveness. The focus will be on how the Council is prioritising its resources within tighter budgets, for example by achieving cost reductions and by improving efficiency and productivity.	March-July 2015	In progress	Majority of work completed and no major issues emerging.

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All Aboard? - Local Government Governance Review 2015

Grant Thornton

Our fourth annual review of local government governance is available at http://www.grant-thornton.co.uk/en/Publications/2015/Local-Government-Governance-review-2015-All-aboard1/.

We note that the challenges faced by local authorities are intensifying as austerity and funding reductions combine with demographic pressures and technological changes to create a potential threat to the long -term sustainability to some organisations. Maintaining effective governance is becoming ever more complex and increasingly important.

Against this background we have focused this year's review on three key areas:

Governance of the organisation – the main area of concern highlighted in this year's governance survey Is the level of dissatisfaction with the scrutiny process.

Governance in working with others – there is an urgent need for scrutiny to exercise good governance over the complex array of partnerships in which local authorities are now involved. Boundary issues notwithstanding, by 'shining a light' on contracted-out activities and joint operations or ventures, scrutiny committees can bring a new level of transparency and accountability to these areas

Governance of stakeholder relations – despite the work that a number of local authorities are doing with the public on 'co-production', almost a third of respondents to our survey did not think their organisation actively involves service users in designing the future scope and delivery of its services.

We conclude that local authorities need to ensure that their core objectives and values are fulfilled through Many other agencies . This implies a greater role for scrutiny and a need to make sure local public sector Bodies' arrangements are a transparent as possible for stakeholders.

Hard copies of our report are available from your Engagement Lead or Audit Manager.

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Stronger futures: development of the LGPS

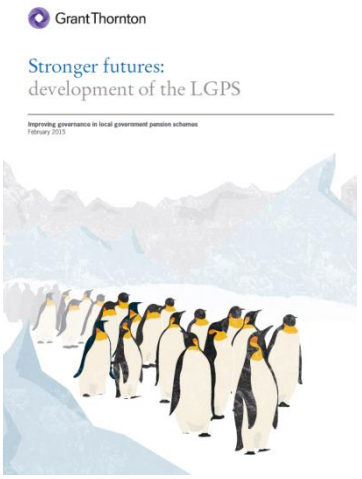
Grant Thornton

Our second review on governance in LGPS funds in England and Wales is based on comprehensive research with pension fund senior officers, supported by insights from pension fund auditors and is available at http://www.grant-thornton.co.uk/Publications/2015/Stronger-futures-development-of-the-LGPS/

With the local government pensions scheme (LGPS) continuing to face significant change and challenge, there is a clear commitment to ensuring its survival and the provision of affordable pension benefits for the future. Following the implementation of a career average pension scheme in 2014, administering authorities are preparing for significant changes in governance arrangements effective from April 2015.

Some of the key messages from the report are:

- there are increasing strong examples of innovation and increased collaborative working across the LGPS to achieve reduced costs and improved use of specialist skills and knowledge;
- implementation of the career average scheme from April 2014 went well and demonstrated good project management and effective communication with members and employers; and
- there have been several other positive trends across the LGPS since our 2013 review particularly around the widening scope of reporting to Pension Committees including performance reporting, risk management and internal audit reviews.



However, we saw a wide variation in practice, including a concentration of risk reporting on investment risk, over half of funds have not implemented the CIPFA knowledge and skills framework as part of their member training, 45 per cent of Pension Committees do not receive internal audit reports and 15 per cent do not have specific internal audit coverage, and nearly half of funds have no information around the value of their liabilities in between the triennial valuations.

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Independent Commission into Local Government Finance

Local government issues

The Independent Commission on Local Government Finance was established in 2014 to examine the system of funding local government in England and bring forward recommendations on how it can be reformed to improve funding for local services and promote sustainable economic growth. It published its final report, Financing English Devolution, on 18 February 2015.

The report notes that the core of the Commission's proposition is the devolution of powers, funding and taxes to sub-national entities over a 10 year period. They estimate that this could lead to over £200 billion in public expenditure being controlled at a sub-national level. The expectation is that councils and their partners would work collaboratively to manage differences in capacity and resources. They see local areas becoming self sufficient.

The Commission advocates a 'variable speed' approach to reform with 'Pioneers' able to and wishing to reform at a faster pace. Reforms advocated for all authorities include:

- An independent review of the functions and sustainability of local government in advance of the next spending review
- Freedom to set council tax and council tax discounts and full retention of business rates and business rates growth
- Multi-year financial settlements
- The ability to raise additional revenue through the relaxation of the rules on fees and charges

'Pioneer' authorities would also implement:

- Single placed-based budgets for all public services
- Management of funding equalisation across a sub-national area
- Further council tax reforms including the ability to vary council tax bands and undertake revaluations
- Newly assigned and new taxes such as stamp duty, airport taxes and tourism taxes
- The establishment of Local Public Accounts Committees to oversee value for money across the placed-base budget.

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Inspection into the governance of Rotherham Council

Local government issues

On 4 February 2015 the Secretary of State for Communities and Local Government, Eric Pickles announced the publication of Louise Casey's report . Her inspection of the exercise of functions on governance, children and young people and taxi and private hire licensing states:

"Rotherham Metropolitan Borough Council is not fit for purpose. It is failing in its legal obligation to secure continuous improvement in the way in which it exercises its functions. In particular, it is failing in its duties to protect vulnerable children and young people from harm."

It summarises the following serious failings:

- a council in denial about serious and on-going safeguarding failures
- an archaic culture of sexism, bullying and discomfort around race
- failure to address past weaknesses, in particular in Children's Social Care
- weak and ineffective arrangements for taxi licensing which leave the public at risk
- ineffective leadership and management, including political leadership
- no shared vision, a partial management team and ineffective liaisons with partners
- culture of covering up uncomfortable truths, silencing whistle-blowers and
- paying off staff rather than dealing with difficult issues

The report has had widespread press coverage and the Secretary of State confirmed on 26 February 2015 that he had decided to nominate five commissioners to take over all of the council's executive functions and to begin a rapid improvement programme. He also confirmed that he would act to move Rotherham to 'all out' council elections from 2016.

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Councils fear school place tipping point

Local government issues

Just ahead of the 15 January 2015 deadline for parents to apply for primary school places for their child for September 2015 the LGA warned that the £12 billion cost of creating places for the 900,000 extra pupils expected at England's schools over the next decade could push schools to breaking point. Whilst the government has committed £7.35 billion to create extra school places the LGA claims that this still creates a backlog.

The LGA is calling on the Government to fully-fund the cost of all school places, now and in the future, and to give councils the powers to open new schools without bureaucratic burdens so they can be delivered according to local need. The LGA's 'Investing in our nation's future' campaign outlines measures which it claims would save the public purse £11 billion, tackle the country's housing crisis, ensure every child had a place at a good school, reduce long-term unemployment, address the pothole backlog and improve the nation's health.

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Accounting for schools – Code update and LAAP Bulletin 101

Accounting and audit issues

Non-current assets

In December 2014, CIPFA issued an Update to Appendix E of the 2014/15 Code which states "The recognition of non-current assets used by schools shall be determined in accordance with the relevant standards adopted by Chapter Four Non-Current Assets of this Code as appropriate to the arrangements for the assets. These assets shall be recognised in a local authority's balance sheet if they meet either the appropriate recognition criteria (see Chapter Four) for the local authority or for a school within the local authority area".

CIPFA also issued in December LAAP Bulletin 101 Accounting for Non-Current Assets Used by Local Authority Maintained Schools. The Bulletin provides application, clarification and interpretation but is secondary to the Code and accounting standards.

Due to the varied and sometimes complex arrangements for use of school land and buildings, the accounting treatment for these non-current assets will require the chief finance officer to make significant judgements in the preparation of the statement of accounts. These judgements should be based on the circumstances for individual schools and will involve consideration of the rights of the school as an entity and any rights held by the local authority. Judgements should be robust and well documented as auditors will be required to consider whether these are reasonable and supported by appropriate evidence. Local authorities should discuss and agree these judgements with Those Charged With Governance.

Other matters

The work required to identify and consider the arrangements over the use of schools may be significant and progress to date has been variable. Local authorities need to consider the resources required to identify and review arrangements and to undertake any necessary valuations. Good project management arrangements also need to be in place to ensure the requirements of the Code are met.

Treating a school as an entity means that local authorities are satisfied that, for each school, they have captured all the financial information relating to the school as an entity. This means all income and expenditure (including voluntary donations and related expenditure), cash flows and all assets and liabilities.

As part of their accounts preparations local authorities should ensure transactions between the local authority and schools are eliminated, all required disclosures are made and any appropriate governance matters are disclosed in the Annual Governance Statement

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Inclusion of overtime in the calculation of holiday pay

Accounting and audit issues

The Employment Appeal Tribunal (EAT) has delivered its judgement on the extent to which overtime pay should be included in the calculation of holiday pay. This case stems from an apparent conflict between UK law and European Law.

The EAT found that non-guaranteed overtime (i.e. overtime, which is not guaranteed by the employer, but which the worker is obliged to work, if it is offered), should be included in the calculation of holiday pay. Back-dated claims can only be made if it is less than three months since the last incorrect payment of holiday pay.

It is likely that there will be an Appeal to this decision. However that does not mean that authorities should hold off assessing the impact. Local authorities should be considering their own circumstances and if necessary taking their own legal advice as to the extent they might be affected by the ruling. If an authority is going to be affected they need to assess whether the liability can be reliably measured.

For an authority likely to be affected in a material way, where it is possible to reliably measure that liability, then appropriate provision should be made in the 2014/15 accounts. The fact that the issue might go to Appeal at some uncertain time in the future is not of itself grounds for not including a provision. The chances of any success would need to be taken account of in the legal analysis but, in any case, there are some indications that the key issue on Appeal would be whether to remove the three month cap (if this were done then the provision would increase), rather than dismissing the entire decision to include overtime in the calculation of holiday pay.

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Earlier closure and audit of accounts

Accounting and audit issues

Legislation was recently passed to bring forward the deadlines for the preparation and audit of Local Government financial statements from 2017/18 onwards. The timeframes for the preparation of the financial statements and their subsequent audit will be reduced by one month and two months respectively as follows:

- Deadline for preparation of financial statements – 31 May (currently 30 June)
- Deadline for audit completion – 31 July (currently 30 September)

Although July 2018 is over 3 years away, both local authorities and their auditors will have to make real changes in how they work to ensure they are 'match-fit' to achieve this deadline. This will require leadership from members and senior management.

Local government accountants and their auditors should start working on this now.

Top tips for local authorities:
- make preparation of the draft accounts and your audit a priority, investing appropriate resources to make it happen
- make the year end as close to 'normal' as possible by carrying out key steps each and every month
- discuss potential issues openly with auditors as they arise throughout the year
- agree key milestones, deadlines and response times with your auditor
- agree exactly what working papers are required.

Auditors are already working on bringing forward more testing to before the financial statements are prepared and will be discussing further changes with local authorities including greater use of estimates in the accounts which will enable the audits to be brought forward further.

Some authorities currently produce their financial statements ahead of the current deadline, or have plans to do so in 2014/15, and some audits are completed before 31 July.

We will be assessing how this has been achieved and will share our findings in a national report, expected in early 2016.

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